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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/833,034	09/833,034 04/10/2001		Sudesh Kamath	ORCL5665CIP (OID-2000-128	8354 .	
53156	7590	06/08/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
YOUNG L		M, P.C.	VIG, NA	VIG, NARESH		
4370 ALPINE RD. STE. 106			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
PORTOLA V	PORTOLA VALLEY, CA 94028					
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/833,034	KAMATH ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Naresh Vig	3629				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period varie to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. CO (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
· —	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 M. This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1, 3 – 7, 9 – 24, 26 – 30, 32 – 47, 49 – 53 and 55 – 69 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1, 3 – 7, 9 – 24, 26 – 30, 32 – 47, 49 – 53 and 55 – 69 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) [a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachmen	et(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	A) □ Intention O	(070,440)				
2) Notic 3) Infor	the of References Cited (PTO-892) the of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

This is in reference to the communication mailed on 31 March 2006. There are 63 claims, claims 1, 3-7, 9-24, 26-30, 32-47, 49-53 and 55-69 pending for examination.

Priority

The later-filed application must be an application for a patent for an invention which is also disclosed in the prior application (the parent or original nonprovisional application or provisional application); the disclosure of the invention in the parent application and in the later-filed application must be sufficient to comply with the requirements of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112. See *Transco Products, Inc. v. Performance Contracting, Inc.*, 38 F.3d 551, 32 USPQ2d 1077 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

In claims 1, 24 and 47 applicant recites "responsive to receiving the first online request, providing a bifurcated order processing route that requests the customer to choose a first order processing route or a second order processing route" which is not supported by the US Application 09/645,460 for which the applicant is claiming priority of. The priority date of this application will be the 10 April 2001, the date on which the application was originally filed.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1, 3 - 7, 9 - 24, 26 - 30, 32 - 47, 49 - 53 and 55 - 69 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim6, 29 and 52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Applicant recites the limitation "The first online purchase request may be received from an <u>automated process</u> configured to generate the first online purchase request at a selectable date and/or interval". However, in claims 1, 24 and 47 upon which claims 6, 29 and 52 claim dependency, applicant claims the limitation "responsive to receiving the first online purchase request, providing a bifurcated order processing route that requests the customer to choose a first order processing route or a second

order processing route". Applicant has not disclosed how an automated process will respond to the selection from the bifurcated order processing route.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1, 24 and 47 recites the limitation "execution of the first and any additional purchase requests placed in the shopping card to be processed according to the express ordering processing". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. For the purpose of examination, examiner reads the limitation as "execution of the first and any additional purchase requests placed in the shopping cart to be processed according to the express ordering processing".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1, 3-5, 9-24, 26-28, 32-47, 49-51 and 55-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barnes & Noble hereinafter known as B&N (additional pages added to B&N reference, additional new pages were cited in the office action mailed to the applicant on 10 February 2006) in view of Hartman et al. US Patent 5,960,411 hereinafter known as Hartman.

Regarding claims 1, 24 and 47, B&N in view of Hartman teaches system and method of processing an online purchase request from a customer to a vendor over the computer network. B&N in view of Hartman teaches express checkout button on web page [B&N, page 12, 13]. B&N teaches:

receiving a first online purchase request for a first item [B&N, page 12, 13, 37]; responsive to receiving the first online request, providing a bifurcated order processing route that requests the customer to choose a first order processing route (Express Checkout) or a second order processing route (Shopping Cart) [B&N, page 12, 13, 28, 37].

the first order processing route causing the first online purchase request to be processed according to an express processing procedure that requires no further input by the customer to execute the first online purchase request [B&N, page 12, 13, 37]

receiving for customer a selection of order processing route and processing the order according to customer's selection [B&N, page 12, 13, 28, 37].

B&N does not teach purchase requests placed in the shopping cart to be processed according to the express ordering processing. However, B&N teaches that

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additional items can be placed in the shopping cart. Hartman teaches that shopping cart can be processed using express ordering processing [Hartman, Fig. 4 and disclosure associated with Fig. 4].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to modify B&N as taught by Hartman to take a single action to place the order.

B&N in view of Hartman teaches:

website www.BarnesAndNoble.com.:

at least one processor (B&N server);

at least one data storage device (B&N in view of Hartman teaches to store account information);

a plurality of processes spawned by said at least one processor (B&N in view of Hartman teaches to allow customers to perform plurality of functions on their web site, capability for plurality of customers to access B&N system).

a machine-readable medium having data stored thereon representing sequences of instructions which, when executed by computing device, causes said computing device to process an online purchase request from a customer to a vendor (a computer is required to load the instructions from machine-readable medium to function as intended by the business. For example, CDROM, ROM, RAM, Flash Memory, Floppy diskette etc. which have sequence of instructions stored on them to allow the computer to read information from during the initial program load).

Applicant is receiving the purchase order request for the first item, and, responsive to receiving first online request, applicant provides bifurcated order

processing route. Applicant is just receives the purchase request from the user is non-functional data because applicant does not does not claim how the purchase request data is used to fulfill the purchase order request received from the user.

In addition, applicant does not claim the limitation on how the purchase request is received from the user. It is not clear whether the user uses a telephone to make a purchase request, applicant provides an web page using which applicant makes a purchase request, applicant sends in a fax or a purchase order to make a purchase request

Regarding claims 3, 26 and 49, B&N in view of Hartman teaches enabling the customer to create a list that includes the first and at least one second item, the list being persistently stored to enable later retrieval and use [B&N, page 12, 37].

Regarding claims 4, 27 and 50, B&N in view of Hartman teaches first item includes a uniquely identified and pre-stored list of goods [B&N, page 12, 13, 37].

Regarding claims 5, 28 and 51, B&N in view of Hartman teaches list (shopping cart) includes an object, the object including at least one of another list and item.

Regarding claims 9, 32 and 55, B&N in view of Hartman teaches:

generating a first quote that includes the processed first online purchase request, the first quote including at least one of an identification of the first item and an identification of the shopping cart [B&N, page 12];

enabling modifications to be made to the first quote, the first quote persisting at least until a consolidation interval has elapsed (How to remove or change items in your cart) [B&N, page 12];

carrying out the converting step by converting the first quote into the first executable order when a quote conversion process determines that the first quote has remained unmodified at least for the consolidation interval (you have 90 minutes to make any changes) [B&N, page 12].

Regarding claims 10, 33 and 56, B&N in view of Hartman teaches generating an order status Web page that is viewable by the customer, the order status Web page displaying selected details of the first quote (how can I check on my order) [B&N, page 24].

Regarding claims 11, 34 and 57, B&N in view of Hartman teaches order status Web page is configured to refer to the first quote as a pending order (how can I check on my order) [B&N, page 24].

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Regarding claims 12, 35 and 58, B&N in view of Hartman teaches to allow at least one of the customer a selected process and an authorized person to modify the first quote.

Regarding claims 13, 36 and 59, B&N in view of Hartman teaches an authorized person includes the customer and a sales representative.

Regarding claims 14, 37 and 60, B&N in view of Hartman teaches quote conversion process is launched at a selectable interval (hold to complete) [B&N, page 14].

Regarding claims 15, 38 and 61, B&N in view of Hartman teaches consolidation interval is measured from a time at which the quote conversion process is launched (hold to complete) [B&N, page 14].

Regarding claims 16, 39 and 62, B&N in view of Hartman teaches quote conversion process runs continuously (hold to complete) [B&N, page 14].

Regarding claims 17, 40 and 63, B&N in view of Hartman teaches converting the first and any second purchase request into an executable order and sending the executable order to an order fulfillment system (hold to complete) [B&N, page 14].

Regarding claims 18, 41 and 64, B&N in view of Hartman teaches receiving a second online purchase request for a second item from the customer over the computer network, and adding the second item to the first quote when the second online purchase request is received before the first quote is converted into the first order (hold to complete) [B&N, page 14].

Regarding claims 19, 42 and 65, B&N in view of Hartman teaches receiving a second online purchase request for a second item from the customer over the computer network, and adding the second item to the first quote when the quote conversion process determines that the first quote has remained unmodified for a period of time that is less than the consolidation interval [B&N, page 14, 24].

Regarding claim 20, 43 and 66, B&N in view of Hartman teaches receiving a second online purchase request for a second item from the customer over the computer network, and generating a second quote that includes an identification of the second item and the retrieved information when the quote conversion process determines that the first quote has remained unmodified for a period of time greater than the consolidation interval [B&N, page 14, 24].

Regarding claims 21, 44 and 67, B&N in view of Hartman teaches quote conversion process determines a difference between a time at which a last modification

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to the first quote was made and a current time and converts the quote to the first order when the difference is greater than the consolidation interval [B&N, page 14, 24].

Regarding claim 22, 45 and 68, B&N in view of Hartman teaches sending a message to the customer over the computer network when the first quote is converted into the first order (confirmation email) [B&N, page 28].

Regarding claims 23, 46 and 69, B&N in view of Hartman teaches message includes an email (confirmation email) [B&N, page 28].

Claims 6, 29 and 52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barnes & Noble hereinafter known as B&N (additional pages added to B&N reference, additional new pages were cited in the office action mailed to the applicant on 10 February 2006) in view of Hartman et al. US Patent 5,960,411 hereinafter known as Hartman further in view of Kawashima et al. US Patent 5,168,445 hereinafter known as Kawashima.

Regarding claims 6, 29 and 52, B&N in view of Hartman does not teach first online request is received from an automated process configured to generate the first online purchase request as one of the selectable date and interval. However,

Kawashima teaches automated ordering system for purchase request at selectable date and time interval.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify B&N in view of Hartman as taught by Kawashima for managing inventory to meet market demands by minimizing goods being in great demand frequently become out of stock frequently while goods being in low demand are stocked in surplus.

Claims 7, 30 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barnes & Noble hereinafter known as B&N (additional pages added to B&N reference, additional new pages were cited in the office action mailed to the applicant on 10 February 2006) in view of Hartman et al. US Patent 5,960,411 hereinafter known as Hartman further in view of Johnson et al. US Patent 5,712,989 hereinafter known as Johnson.

Regarding claims 7, 30 and 53, B&N in view of Hartman does not teach customer identifies the first item using a unique identifier used by the customer and wherein the vendor maps the identifier used by the customer to a corresponding unique identifier used by the vendor. However, Johnson teaches capability where customer identifies the first item using a unique identifier used by the customer and wherein the vendor maps

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the identifier used by the customer to a corresponding unique identifier used by the vendor [Johnson, Fig. 3 and disclosure associated with Fig. 3]

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify B&N in view of Hartman as taught by Johnson to handle alternate product numbers to enable the method and system to handle OEM clients.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 CRF '1.111 (c) to consider the references fully when responding to this office action.

1. Horn et al. US Patent 6,862,612.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Naresh Vig whose telephone number is (571) 272-6810. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 - 6:00 (Wednesday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Weiss can be reached on (571) 272-6812. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Naresh Vig Examiner

Harosh Vig

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February 1, 2006